GUJARAT NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY GANDHINAGAR

Course: Macro Economics Semester-II (Batch: 2016-21)

Mid Semester Test: Feb-Mar. 2017

Date: 3rd March, 2017 **Duration: 2 hours**

Max. Marks: 30

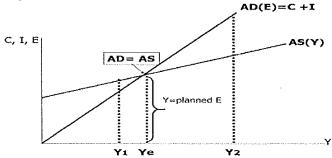
Instructions:

- Read the questions properly and write the answers in the given answer book.
- The respective marks for each question are indicated in-line.
- · Do not write any thing on the question paper.
- Indicate correct question numbers in front of the answers.
- No questions or clarifications can be sought during the exam period, answer as it is, giving reason, if any.

Marks

15)

- Q.1 Write short notes on any three of the following questions and illustrate with diagram (3x5 =wherever necessary. (In approximately 175 – 225 words) (Each Question= 5 Marks)
 - (a) Describe Classical Theory of Full Employment in case of effect of increase in Labour Supply in the economy.
 - (b) Describe the Keynes's theory of Effective Demand for achieving full employment.
 - (c) Discuss in detail complete classical model for the determination of output and employment. What changes will occur due to a decrease in the quantity of money supply?
 - (d) (i) What are the causes of Cyclical Unemployment and Depression Keynes's point of view?
 - (ii) In the following diagram, what problem will arise, when the economy is producing Y₁ and Y₂ output? (Use the concepts of Walrasian disequilibrium and animal spirits)



- Q.2 Explain any five of the following questions with reasons or examples and draw (5x3 =diagrams wherever necessary. (In approximately 30-50 words) (Each Question=3 Marks) 15)
 - (a) What are reasons for existence of money illusion in Keynes's point of view?
 - (b) Discuss Keynes' view on monetary policy is ineffective at the time of great depression. Why has monetarist economist attacked Keynes's view?
 - (c) Describe the concept of Classical Dichotomy.
 - (d) Describe the macroeconomics paradox: Paradox of thrift and wage-employment paradox.
 - (e) Discuss the rationality of having three different methods for measuring national