

**GUJARAT NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY
GANDHINAGAR**
Course: **Public Policy, Administration and Governance**
Semester- IV (Batch: 2020-25)

End Semester Online Examination: May 2022

Date: 13th May, 2022

Duration: 8 hours

Max. Marks: 50

Instructions:

- The respective marks for each question are indicated in-line.
- Indicate correct question numbers in front of the answer.
- No questions or clarification can be sought during the exam period, answer as it is, giving reason, if any.
- Word Limit: 10 Marks: 700-750 words, 5 Marks: 350-400 words.

Part A

Marks

Answer any four of the following questions

- Q.1 With the help of a contemporary policy/program/scheme of the Indian Government, identify the state and non-state actors involved in policy formulation. Also comment on the rising importance and relevance of non-state actors in policy making in the current political policymaking landscape. (10)
- Q.2 “Public Administration generally means service to the people rendered by a government agency. It is the result of evolutionary process which can be viewed from two distinct perspectives – as an activity and as a subject of study or intellectual discipline. As an activity, it is as old as social life. But as a field of study, it is of recent origin as it emerged during the closing years of the 19th century. A pertinent question arises in this regard that can such an important activity continue for a long time without having substantial theoretical base? The answer lies in the close examination of the facts which reveal that it did had a theoretical base as a part of related branches of knowledge like politics, ethics and law in different societies and remained so for a considerable long time.” (10)
- Trace the journey of the evolution of Public Administration as a distinct discipline. Also briefly mention what subsequent changes and developments have taken place in the nature and scope of Public Administration after the publication of Nicholas Henry’s 1975 paper titled “Public Administration and Public Affairs”?
- Q.3 “A distinctive feature of the Indian Administration since independence, has been the noticeable efforts undertaken to make the administrative system effective to reach and respond to citizens’ grievances.” Do you agree with the statement? In light of the above statement, identify and elaborate on any three peculiar challenges faced by the administration system in your home State. Give illustrations. Also identify two administrative reforms that have been adopted and two that may be adopted in the future to tackle the challenges identified above. (10)
- Q.4 “The revolution of information technology, the rise of global capitalism and the advancement in transportation and communication have produced multifaceted (10)

cataclysmic effects which have been collectively labelled as globalisation. 'Globalisation is best thought of as a multidimensional phenomenon involving domains of activity and interaction that include the economic, political, technological, military, legal, cultural and environmental which has results in major changes in the nature of state.' The earlier traditional welfare state is being transformed into a corporatist state. Because public administration is intimately associated with the state and its powers, globalisation has had a profound impact on the discipline and practice of administration and governance which has emerged as distinct from government since the 1980s."

Elucidate on the impact of globalisation on governance and the consequently changing dimensions of governance in the 21st century.

- Q.5 Analyse any contemporary public policy/programme/scheme of the Indian Government on the tenets of the Eight Principles of Good Governance. (10)

Part B

- Q.6 Write short note on any two of the following: (5x2 = 10)
- a) Challenges to successful E-Governance in India
 - b) Prismatic Model by F. W. Riggs
 - c) David Easton's System Model of Public Policy Making
