Max. Marks: 50

# GUJARAT NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY GANDHINAGAR Course: Marketing Management Semester- IV (Batch: 2019-24)

## End Semester Online Examination: July-August 2021

Date: 07th August, 2021	
Duration: 8 hours	

### Instructions:

- The respective marks for each question are indicated in-line.
- Indicate correct question numbers in front of the answer.
- No questions or clarification can be sought during the exam period, answer as it is, giving reason, if any.
- Word Limit: 10 Marks: 550-600 Words.

## Answer Any Five

- Q.1 Now a days, behavior of consumers can be influenced more by the holistic marketing strategy than (10) conventional marketing strategy'. Do you agree with the statement? Give your views with appropriate reasoning and examples.
- Q.2 Marketing is a synthetic discipline that integrates findings from other disciplines like economics, (10) psychology, and sociology into a holistic explanation of commercial exchange behavior'. Critically evaluate the statement with suitable examples.

(Source: Marketing is Marketing - everywhere! By Michael Baker)

## Q.3 Brand Marketing Through the Coronavirus Crisis

In times of crisis, it may be hard for marketers to know where to begin. In just a few short weeks, people have shifted into protection mode, focused on themselves, their families, their employees, their customers, and their communities. Social media reflects this, with pleas for fellow citizens to follow government safety guidelines. People have crossed partisan lines to build bridges within their neighbourhoods and communities and unify against an invisible force.

With social distancing keeping many people at home, we're also seeing major shifts in behavioural trends. Consumers have returned to broadcast and cable television and other premium media sources for credible information. They are also seeking more in the way of escapism and entertainment — downloading gaming apps, spending even more time on social media, and streaming more movies and scripted programming. And between remote working arrangements and live-streamed workout classes, college lectures, and social engagements, we are testing the bandwidth of our homes in a largely pre-5G world.

Meanwhile, the need for physical goods is placing pressure on new channels, with demand for e-commerce rising to new levels. For those who do venture out, grocery and convenience stores are the source for essentials, but supply is inconsistent. Health and safety concerns are driving more customers toward frictionless payment systems, such as using mobile phones to pay at check-out without touching a surface or stylus.

Marks

(10)

Some of these behavior changes may be temporary, but many may be more permanent. As people move beyond the current mode of survival, the momentum behind digital-experience adoption is unlikely to reverse as people are forced by circumstances to try new things. With so much changing so fast during this difficult time, what actions can brands take to serve and grow their customer base, mitigate risk, and take care of their people?

### 1. Present with empathy and transparency

People feel vulnerable right now. Empathy is critical. Many banks, for example, have moved to waive overdraft fees, recognizing the hardship on their customers. SAP has made its Qualtrics Remote Work Pulse platform free to companies who might be rapidly transitioning to new ways of working. Such instances show humility in the face of a force larger than all of us.

The nuances of brand voice are more delicate than ever. Brands that use this time to be commercially exploitative will not fare well. Better to do as Guinness did in the period surrounding St. Patrick's Day, when the company shifted its focus away from celebrations and pub gatherings and instead leaned into a message of longevity and wellbeing. In these moments, we don't have all the answers, and we need to acknowledge that. If you make pledges, even during uncertain times, you have to be able to deliver on what you say.

### 2. Use media in more agile ways

To quickly pivot creative messages as circumstances change, marketers will want to build more rapid-response operating models internally and with agencies. Access to remote production and creative capacity will become particularly important as the crisis evolves. Nike, for example, immediately moved to adopt a new message: "Play inside, play for the world." And in order to promote social distancing and show a commitment to public safety, Chiquita Brands removed Miss Chiquita from their logo. "I'm already home. Please do the same and protect yourself," its Instagram caption read.

Beyond creative, as the mix of actual media platforms used by consumers changes quickly, marketers should consider modifying their media mix. For example, with digital entertainment spiking, marketers may want to amplify their use of ad-supported premium video streaming and mobile gaming. Similarly, as news consumption peaks while consumers jostle to stay informed, brands should not fear that adjacency, given the level of engagement and relevance. News may simply be an environment that requires more careful monitoring of how frequently ads appear to avoid creative being over-exposed, which can damage brand equity.

#### 3. Associate your brand with good

People will remember brands for their acts of good in a time of crisis, particularly if done with true heart and generosity. This could take the form of donating to food banks, providing free products for medical personnel, or continuing to pay employees while the company's doors are closed. Adobe, for example, immediately made Creative Cloud available to K-12 institutions, knowing this was a moment to give rather than be purely commercial. Consumers will likely remember how Ford, GE, and 3M partnered to repurpose manufacturing capacity and put people back to work to make respirators and

ventilators to fight coronavirus. And people appreciate that many adult beverage companies, from Diageo to AB InBev, repurposed their alcohol-manufacturing capabilities to make hand sanitizer, alleviating short supplies with their "It's in our hands to make a difference" message.

Feel-good content that alleviates anxiety and promotes positive messaging will go a long way to enhancing the brand. However, companies need to show that their contributions are material and not solely for commercial benefit. Consumers recognize authenticity and true purpose.

#### 4. Track trends and build scenarios

Frequent tracking of human behavioural trends will help marketers gain better insights in real time. Marketers will want to measure sentiment and consumption trends on a regular basis to better adapt messaging, closely observing the conversation across social-media platforms, community sites, and e-commerce product pages to look for opportunities and identify looming crises more quickly. Companies should consider quickly building dashboards with this kind of data to fuel the right decisions.

Marketers will also want to consider building deeper connections with their C-suite colleagues to provide insights to executives who, increasingly, will be involved with marketing choices. The marketing team should work closely with finance and operations to forecast different scenarios and potential outcomes, depending on how long the crisis lasts.

#### 5. Adapt to new ways of working to keep delivering

It's encouraging how quickly many companies were able to transition to remote working arrangements. Deploying collaboration technologies can seamlessly provide chat, file sharing, meeting and call capabilities, enabling teams to stay connected and remain productive. Already, virtual happy hours are emerging as the new normal to build team morale. Partners are "pitching" remotely, recognizing that an in-face sales call is unlikely to transpire for weeks to come. Leaders have to do their best to transition each element of the operating model—from marketing, to sales, to service—to this new normal. New sources of innovation and even margin improvement will emerge out of our current discomfort.

#### How we can plan for the next and the beyond

We are in the acknowledge-and-adapt phase of the Covid-19 pandemic. But we also have to plan for life *beyond* the crisis. As we navigate what we know, marketing leaders must work externally to keep their brands and customer journeys as whole as possible, while working internally to do three things:

- 1. Understand the impact of business interruption and continue to triage the unexpected.
- 2. Lean into digital ways of working and connecting with customers, knowing that this will likely have lasting effects.
- 3. Mitigate risks to the customer experience by thinking realistically from the outside-in.

Unquestionably, there is a forced acceleration of the digital transformation agenda as we recognize how quickly customers and employees have embraced digitally enabled journeys and experiences.

Brands are all having to think, operate, and lead in new ways during these uncertain and unprecedented circumstances, and we will all have to learn together with both confidence and humility.

(Source: https://hbr.org/2020/04/brand-marketing-through-the-coronavirus-crisis, June 2020 by Janet Balis)

Read the above article and answer the following:

Do you think that the changing trends in the branding strategy as mentioned in the article are long lasting? Critically evaluate the same and justify your views.

- Q.4 (i) Buyer uncertainty, (ii) Limited differentiability and (iii) Need to be perceived as having experience' (10) are three important aspects which need to be strategically dealt with for successful Marketing of Professional services. Do you agree with the statement? Justify your answer with suitable examples.
- Q.5 Innovative products for Rural Market range from Godrej's 'ChotuKool a nano (10) refrigerator' to Tata's water purifier 'Swatch' to Mansukhbhai Prajapati's 'Mitticool'.

Study and briefly describe at least 3 such innovative products/services developed for Indian rural market and give your own views for successful 'promotion' (one of the 4P's of marketing) of these products.

Q.6 'Segmentation and Targeting actions are not always essential in marketing. Their applicability depends (10) upon the type of product/service being offered.' Do you agree with the statement? Justify your opinion with appropriate reasoning and examples.

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