

**GUJARAT NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY  
GANDHINAGAR**

Course: Introduction to Indian Legal System  
Semester-I (Batch: 2016-18)

MBA End Semester Examination: October-2016

Date: 28<sup>th</sup> October, 2016

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

**Instructions:**

- Read the questions properly and write the answers in the given answer book.
- The respective marks for each question are indicated in-line.
- Do not write anything on the question paper.
- Indicate correct question numbers in front of the answers.
- No questions or clarifications can be sought during the exam period, answer as it is, giving reason, if any.

<b>Part-A</b>	<b>Marks</b>
Answer <b>any four</b> of the following:	
Q.1 'Custom is the embodiment of those principles which have commended themselves to the national conscience as principles of justice and public utility'. Discuss custom as a source of law on the backdrop of this statement.	(7.5)
Q.2 What do you mean by legislation? Discuss supreme and subordinate legislation.	(7.5)
Q.3 'Moral considerations play an important role while making, interpreting and exercising law.' Elucidate the interface between law and morality in the light of the given statement.	(7.5)
Q.4 Define legal system and discuss major legal systems of the world.	(7.5)
Q.5 Define statute and analyse in brief various parts of a statute.	(7.5)

<b>Part-B</b>	
Answer <b>any three</b> of the following:	
Q.6 'Presidential form of government is based on the Doctrine of Separation of Powers.' In light of the said statement, distinguish between Presidential and Parliamentary form of government. Do you agree that Indian system is a combination of both Presidential and Parliamentary form of government? Give reasons for your answer.	(10)
Q.7 The Constitution of India devises an elaborate machinery for securing Parliamentary control over finances. Discuss, how Parliament controls the public finance.	(10)
Q.8 Discuss the procedure for the passage of Ordinary Bills and Money Bills?	(10)
Q.9 "Power really resided in the Ministry and in the Legislature and not in the President as such. At the same time, we did not want to make the President just a mere figure-head like the French President. We did not give him any real power, but we have made his position one of authority and dignity." Discuss the position of Indian President in light of the said statement.	(10)

- Q.10 Write short note on the followings:
- (a) Termination of Parliament
  - (b) Money Bill and Financial Bill

(2x5=  
10)

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